Post Falls, Idaho

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended November 30, 2023

Post Falls, Idaho

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	4-5
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9-16

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Greenferry Water and Sewer District Post Falls, Idaho 83854

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Greenferry Water and Sewer District as of and for the year ended November 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Greenferry Water and Sewer District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Greenferry Water and Sewer District, as of November 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Greenferry Water and Sewer District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Greenferry Water and Sewer District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Greenferry Water and Sewer District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards,* we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2024, on our consideration of Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hayden Ross, PLLC

Moscow, Idaho September 19, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Greenferry Water and Sewer District Post Falls, Idaho 83854

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Greenferry Water and Sewer District as of and for the year ended November 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Greenferry Water and Sewer District basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenferry Water and Sewer District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.



Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Greenferry Water and Sewer District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hayden Ross, PLLC

Moscow, Idaho September 19, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Post Falls, Idaho

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION November 30, 2023

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	353,062	
Accounts receivable, net of advanced payments	30,066	
Taxes receivable	400,000	
Due from other governments	1,751	
Prepaid expenses	3,361	
Less: restricted assets	(425,652)	
Total current assets		362,588
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Debt service reserve	116,054	
Capital reserve	309,598	
Capital assets:		
Construction in progress	167,673	
Land	12,000	
Infrastructure	4,452,831	
Buildings	370,887	
Services	7,541	
Equipment	49,384	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,306,811)	
Total noncurrent assets		4,179,157
Total assets		4,541,745
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	29,833	
Accrued interest payable	3,310	
Bonds payable, due within one year	71,685	
Total current liabilities		104,828
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable, due after one year	-	1,644,404
Total liabilities	-	1,749,232
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		2,037,416
Restricted for:		2,037,410
Debt service reserve		116,054
Capital reserve		309,598
Unrestricted	-	329,445
Total net position		\$ 2,792,513
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Post Falls, Idaho

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended November 30, 2023

Operating revenues Charges for services Miscellaneous income	214,350 1,800	
Total operating revenues		216,150
Operating expenses		
Professional fees	69,539	
Depreciation	97,084	
Repairs and maintenance	31,615	
Contract services	40,380	
Utilities	39,336	
Director fees	12,900	
Telephone	1,712	
Insurance	4,189	
Office supplies	7,426	
DEQ fees	1,564	
Lab fees and testing	990	
Bank charges	71	
Total operating expenses		306,806
Operating income (loss)		(90,656)
Non-operating income (expenses)		
Interest income	7,860	
Property taxes	400,000	
Interest expense	(45,864)	
Capital reserve fee	117,090	
Total non-operating income (expenses)		479,086
Change in net position		388,430
Net position - beginning		2,404,083
Net position - ending		\$ 2,792,513

Post Falls, Idaho

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended November 30, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	204,569	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(171,140)	22.420
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities		 33,429
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Earnings on idle cash and investments		 7,860
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash paid for acquisition of capital assets	(527,520)	
Cash paid for principal on long term debt	(83,733)	
Cash paid for interest on long term debt	(46,158)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		 (657,411)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received for capital reserve and connection fees		 117,090
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(499,032)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		 852,094
Cash and cash equivalents - ending		\$ 353,062
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	(90 <i>,</i> 656)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	97,084	
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable	(11,131)	
Due from other governments	(450)	
Other receivable	31,917	
Prepaid expenses	(429)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	7,094	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		\$ 33,429

Post Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS November 30, 2023

NOTE 1 Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Greenferry Water and Sewer District was incorporated in the state of Idaho in 1969. The District is governed by a Board of Directors and provides water services to its area site holders. Only a water system is operated by the District at this time, and there are no plans to operate a sewer system.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the business-type activities of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and standards. The District follows GASB No. 62 for proprietary funds, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, and Post-November 30, 1989 pronouncements that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The District's more significant accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The District meets the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to be considered a primary governmental entity for financial reporting purposes. Component units are legally separate organizations that are financially accountable to the primary government. The District has no component units and is not a component unit of any other governmental unit based on the criteria established by the GASB.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The District's proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) are segregated into net investment in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for capital reserve, restricted for bond reserve, and unrestricted components. The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position include all the financial transactions of the District in a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability of other purposes.

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses generally resulting from provision of services in connection with the operation of water services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonoperating revenues result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the Statement of Net Position date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts (if any), and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted cash and certificates of deposit) with an original maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

Investments

Special districts within the State of Idaho can pool their funds for investment purposes in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

NOTE 1 Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are stated at cost, which approximates market. All funds are invested in accordance with Section 67-1210 and 67-1210A of the Idaho Code. The primary objectives of the investment pool, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity and yield.

Interest income is defined as non-operating revenue.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from customers for water and sewer services and are reported at their gross value less the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. No allowance was deemed necessary as of November 30, 2023. It is the District's policy to present accounts receivable net of prepaid user fees. The prepaid user fees were \$4,540 as of November 30, 2023.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation. If historical cost is unknown, estimated historical cost is used. Major improvements and betterments are capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation, less accumulated depreciation. The District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense in the period incurred. When capital assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Depreciation is calculated on capital assets using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of those assets from 7 to 30 years.

Budget

The District annually adopts a budget. The budget is on the same basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District.

NOTE 1 Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following components:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position subject to constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Restricted balances are as follows:

- Debt Service Reserve The restricted balance accounts for the debt service reserve of one year's worth of debt payments.
- Connection Fees The restricted balance accounts for the fee collected for the initial connection to the District's system. The funds can be used for the repair and replacement of existing infrastructure.
- Capital Reserve The restricted balance accounts for the monthly fee collected from users (began in fiscal year 2016) to be set aside to service the \$1,800,000 bond issued in fiscal year 2022. The capital reserve fees can also be used for repair and replacement of infrastructure if all connection fees have been exhausted.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management of the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report. This is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The District has concluded that no material subsequent events have occurred.

NOTE 2 Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

For the year ended November 30, 2023, there were four new GASB statements that became effective. The adoption of the statement has the following effect for the District:

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* - The District is not involved in debt issuance activity that meets the definition of conduit debt. This Statement did not have an effect on the financial reporting of the District.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (PPP) - The District is not involved in any arrangements that meet the definition of a PPP. This Statement did not have an effect on the financial reporting of the District.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITA) – The District is not involved in any arrangements that meet the definition of a SBITA. This Statement did not have an effect on the financial reporting of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* - The Statement provides updates to various previously issued GASB Statements. As a result of the adoption of this Statement, the District has reviewed the accounting applied to the right-of-use lease/SBITA assets and liabilities. The adoption did not have an effect on the financial reporting of the District.

NOTE 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

<u>Deposits</u>	Carrying Amount	Bank Balance		
Checking and Savings				
Accounts	<u>\$353,062</u>	<u>\$355,597</u>		

Deposits were with Mountain West Bank of which \$250,000 of interest bearing accounts and noninterest bearing accounts were covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. None of the balances were over the FDIC amount.

The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is managed by the State of Idaho Treasurer's office. All funds are invested in accordance with Section 67-1210 and 67-1210A of the Idaho Code. Authorized investments include bonds, treasury bills, interest-bearing notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government, general obligation or revenue bonds of the State of Idaho or other local governments within the State of Idaho, bonds, debentures, or other similar obligations issued by the farm credit system or by public corporation so the State of Idaho, repurchase agreements covered by any legal investment for the State of Idaho, tax anticipation bonds or notes and income and revenue anticipation bonds or notes of taxing districts of the State of Idaho, revenue bonds of institutions of higher education of the State of Idaho, and time deposits and savings accounts in amounts not to exceed applicable insurance limits. The primary objectives of the investment pool, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity, and yield.

NOTE 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

The State Treasurer's investment policy and the Local Government Investment Pool issues its own financial statements can be obtained by writing P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0091.

Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification.

As of November 30, 2023, the District does not have any funds invested in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in [possession of an outside party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The District does not have a policy restricting the amount of deposits and investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by the nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Moody's or Standard and Poor's. The investments of the District at yearend are not required to be rated. The District does not have a policy regarding credit risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. Investments that are fixed for longer periods are likely to experience greater variability in the fair values due to future changes in interest rate. The District does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that concentration of investments with one issuer represents heightened risk of potential loss. No specific percentage identifies when concentration risk is present. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has adopted a principal that governments should provide note disclosure when five percent of the total investments of the entity are concentrated in any one issuer. Investments in obligations specifically guaranteed by the U.S. Government, mutual funds, and other pooled investments are exempt from disclosure. The District does not have a policy limiting the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 Property Tax

The District's property tax is recognized as an asset at the time the District has an enforceable legal claim to the resources (January 1st of each year) and the revenue is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. For FY2023, the District has recognized the 2023 levy as revenue.

Tax Year 2023 Levy (FY2023 Revenue)

The market value upon which the 2023 levy was based was \$470,073,942 The property tax was levied in October 2023 and is due in two equal installments on December 20th and June 20th.

NOTE 4 Property Tax (Continued)

The total tax levy (per \$100 of value) for the year was as follows:

	Percentage	Amount
Levy	0.085093%	\$400,000

NOTE 5 Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended November 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land	12,000	-	-	12,000
Construction in progress	2,920,446	340,828	(3,093,601)	167,673
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	2,932,446	340,828	(3,093,601)	179,673
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	1,359,230	-	3,093,601	4,452,831
Buildings	370,887	-	-	370,887
Services	7,541	-	-	7,541
Equipment	49,384			49,384
Subtotal	1,787,042		3,093,601	4,880,643
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,209,727)	(97,084)		(1,306,811)
Net capital assets being				
depreciated	577,315	(97,084)	3,093,601	3,573,832
Net capital assets	\$ 3,509,761	\$ 243,744	\$ -	\$ 3,753,505

NOTE 6 Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts, property damage or theft, and natural disasters, for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District is at risk for losses, if any, that would exceed coverage limits.

The District minimizes losses that could arise from the first two risks by purchasing commercial insurance through the Idaho Counties Risk Management Program (ICRMP), a public entity risk pool in which ICRMP acts as an underwriter and collector of premiums paid by the pool's participants.

Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 7 Long-term Debt

The District approved a bond issuance up to \$1.8 million in May 2018. The bond was approved to upgrade existing infrastructure, including a larger water line, resulting in 500 hookups available for the District. The bonds were sold on February 23 and July 18, 2022 and the sale closed on July 18, 2022. The bond has an interest rate of 2.57% for the 20 year and 9 month fully amortized life of the bond. The following is a summary of bond transactions for the year ended November 30, 2023.

	Beginning				Ending	-	urrent		
	Balance	Add	itions	Pa	yments	Balance	P	ortion	_
Banner Bank Bond	\$ 1,799,822	\$	-	\$	83,733	\$ 1,716,089	\$	71,685	;

Year Ending			
November 30	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2024	71,685	44,369	116,054
2025	73,689	42,365	116,054
2026	75,621	40,433	116,054
2027	77,605	38,449	116,054
2028	79,538	36,516	116,054
2029	81,726	34,328	116,054
2030	83,870	32,184	116,054
2031	86,070	29,984	116,054
2032	88,248	27,806	116,054
2033	90,641	25,413	116,054
2034	93,018	23,036	116,054
2035	95 <i>,</i> 458	20,596	116,054
2036	97,910	18,145	116,055
2037	100,530	15,525	116,055
2038	103,166	12,888	116,054
2039	105,872	10,182	116,054
2040	108,626	7,429	116,055
2041	111,497	4,557	116,054
2042	91,319	1,633	92,952
	\$ 1,716,089	\$ 465,838	\$ 2,181,927

Bonds payable at November 30, 2023 consisted of the following issue(s):

The following covenant is required to be maintained by the District related to the bond:

Rate Covenant: The District is required to maintain a rate covenant of net revenue equal to 115% of the annual debt service payment. During fiscal year 2023, the District and Banner Bank agreed to an informal agreement to waive the rate covenant in lieu of having a debt service reserve of one year's worth of payments set aside. The agreement was formalized in a letter dated July 30, 2024. As of November 30, 2023, the District was in compliance with this new debt service reserve agreement.